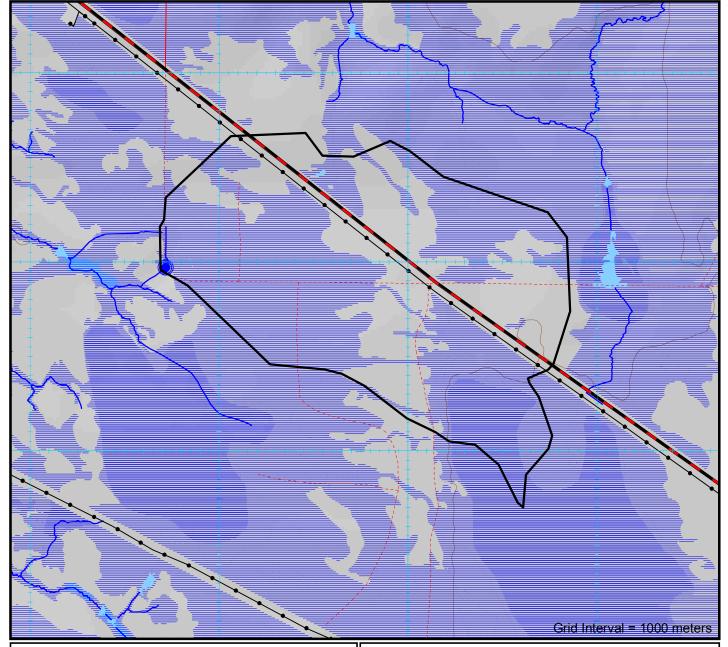
Abitibi River Forest Appendix 1: Form for Submission of Information on a Proposed Crossing



Watershed Characteristics

2.49 km² Watershed Area: 0.00 km² Lake Area: 0.16 km² Swamp Area: Retention Area: 0.16 km² Retention Factor: Base Class: 6.39

Watercourse Type: Permanent

Crossing Location Characteristics

Evaluation ID No.: A3533

Geographic Township: Kendrey

UTM Coordinates (NAD83): 456718E, 5455972N

Road Type: Operational

Stream Gradient: 0% Slope > 30% (17°): **NO**

Installer Experience: As Per Approved Implementation Toolkit



Structures	
Structure 2	Structure 3
Portable Bridge	
Q25	
Pit Run Gravel	
June 16	
March 31	
<7 Years	
	Structure 2 Portable Bridge Q25 Pit Run Gravel June 16 March 31

Proposed Structures

Calculations performed by First Resource Management Group (FRMG). Neither Abitibi River Forest Managment Inc., nor FRMG guaratee the accuracy of any information presented on this form. Coordinates and map are UTM projection, Zone 17 NAD83 da

Shaded Area for Office Use Only	Previously Used 359 Crossing ID	Crossing Evaluation Reference Number A3533

Publication Date: December 12, 2023

Abitibi River Forest - S.F.L. # 551832	Fisheries Operational Management Zone (OMZ):
Proponent: GreenFirst Forest Products (QC) Inc. c/o P.O. Box 867	Standard for Self-assessed Water Crossing Construction, Removal and/or Decommissioning: Snow Fill and Ice Bridge Crossing
New Liskeard, Ontario	Previous Assessment Year (incl. SA): 2024
P0J 1P0 (705) 690 0022	SAR species likely to be impacted: NO
(705) 680-0033 Plan Term: 2022-2032	Preconstruction photos available: NO

Culvert [Design Options	Q ₂₅	Q ₁₀	Q_5	Q _{2.33}
	Design Flow	2.048 m ³ /sec	1.721 m ³ /sec	1.434 m ³ /sec	1.106 m ³ /sec
	1 Round	1400mm	1200mm	1200mm	1000mm
	2 Round	1000mm	900mm	900mm	800mm
	3 Round	900mm	800mm	800mm	800mm
	1 Arch (BxD)	1630x1120mm	1630x1120mm	1390x970mm	1390x970mm
	2 Arch (BxD)	1390x970mm	1150x820mm	1030x740mm	1030x740mm
	3 Arch (BxD)	1030x740mm	1030x740mm	910x660mm	910x660mm
	Required Opening for bridges is calculated as per the Crown Land Bridge Management Guidelines.				

Conditions on Culvert Design Options

- Initial Fisheries Review based on one pipe. Two or more pipes requires a re-assessment.
- Round culvert calculations assume 10% fill. For 20% fill, increase diameter to next highest standard diameter.
- For 40% fill, use a round culvert diameter of the Base distance of the corresponding Arch style culvert.

General Standards

AWS Year: 2024-25

- No watercourse realignment, nor use of explosives is permitted.
 Minimize loss or disturbance to riparian vegetation. Restrict removal of riparian vegetation to the disturbance footprint required for construction, maintenance and decommissioning of the water crossing.
- Install erosion and sediment control measures prior to commencement of construction or decommended prevent release of sediment or other deleterious substances into watercourse.
- Fill material placed below the normal high water mark must be erosion-resistant and/or protected from erosion. • Direct storm water runoff from bridge decks, side slopes, road approaches and ditches away from the watercourse
- and into a retention pond or vegetated area.

 Ensure erosion and siltation in ditch lines adjacent to the watercourse crossing approaches are controlled using
- sediment traps such as rock/soil dams or log jams as site conditions warrant.

 Do not block or impede the free passage of water and fish at any time of year up and down stream,
- with the exception of potential and temporary blockage due to water crossing construction/decommissioning activities. Abide by fisheries in-water timing windows in the approved FMP and/or forest management guides.
- Where fishery communities are not well documented, the most restrictive in-water timing window must be used. · Complete all in-water construction and decommissioning activities in an uninterrupted fashion and in an appropriate timeframe to minimize potential for site disturbance.
- If installation requires inwater work, do not locate within 100m of spawning or sensitive fish habitat eg, rapids, riffles, known overwintering areas.
- Maintain machinery free of fluid and fuel leaks. Wash, refuel and service machinery at least 30m from watercourse. Store fuel and other materials for machinery a minimum of 30m from the watercourse.
- · Operate machinery on land with tracks/wheels above the normal high water mark, or on ice in a manner that avoids disturbance to the banks of the watercourse and adjacent riparian vegetation areas. Remove all debris from construction and decommissioning work from the site following completion of the undertaking.
- If machinery fording is required, limit to a one-time event (over and back) per piece of equipment essential to
- implementating the project, and only if using an existing crossing at another location is not available or practical.

 If minor rutting is likely, watercourse bank and bed protection methods (e.g., swamp mats, pads) are to be used provided they do not constrict flows or block fish passage;
- · Grading of the watercourse banks for the approaches is not permitted;
- If the watercourse bed and banks are steep and highly erodible (e.g., dominated by organic materials and silts) and erosion or degradation is likely, use a temporary crossing structure or other practice to protect them;
- The one-time fording must adhere to the appropriate in-water timing windows; Fording must occur under low-flow conditions and not when flows are elevated due to local rain events or seasonal flooding

· All calculations are for projecting ends. Total pipe length normally not to exceed 20m.

NO

- All calculations assume a Headwater Depth of 1.0.
- MP = Multi-Plate (i.e. SPCSP)

Within 500m of Brook Trout stream:

Standards for Snow Fill and Ice Bridge Crossings

- Do not dredge, place fill on, grade or excavate the bed or banks of the watercourse.
- Do not use earth fill or aggregate below the normal high water mark. Crossings must be constructed of clean water, ice and snow free of dirt and debris
- · Snow fills and ice crossings must not restrict water flow within the watercourse where it occurs naturally during winter conditions, or otherwise completely obstruct fish passage
- Do not locate within 100 metres of fisheries spawning or sensitive habitat.
- Appropriate seasonal conditions must be present (e.g., adequate depth of snow and ice, winter temperatures) to provide certainty that construction and removal standards can be satisfactorily implemented.
- No aggregate or loose woody material used to top the crossing.
 If logs or corduroy are used to stabilize the approaches:
- The logs must be clean:
- The logs may be bound together to facilitate removal and minimize site disturbance;
- No logs or woody debris are to be left within the watercourse;
- Corduroy (if used) adjacent to the watercourse banks must be removed and placed outside the floodplain to help prevent a damming effect on site. Corduroy that is frozen or embedded into the road approaches or watercourse banks must be left in place so as to not expose mineral soil adjacent to the watercourse. The remaining snow and ice can be left to melt in the spring. If required, remedial work will be carried out on the site after the crossing is removed to ensure that no logs or woody debris can wash back into the watercourse.
- Logs may be placed on road approaches to assist in diverting runoff away from the watercourse; however, they must be placed outside of the floodplain and in such a manner as to ensure that they do wash back into the watercourse.
- · Sanding of snow and ice crossings must be kept to a minimum and within the bounds of operational health and safety considerations.
- · Corduroy logs or brush mats must be installed on the approaches when conditions are soft in order to avoid disturbing the banks and crossing approaches.
- If water is being pumped from a watercourse to reinforce the crossing, the intakes must be sized and adequately screened to prevent debris blockage and fish entrainment.

Self-assessed. Follow conditions of appropriate standard(s).

MNRF Appendix 2: Biologist Risk Evaluation

Concerns and Conditions on Construction

Watershed Thermal Code: UF

MNRF Assigned Thermal Code at Crossing

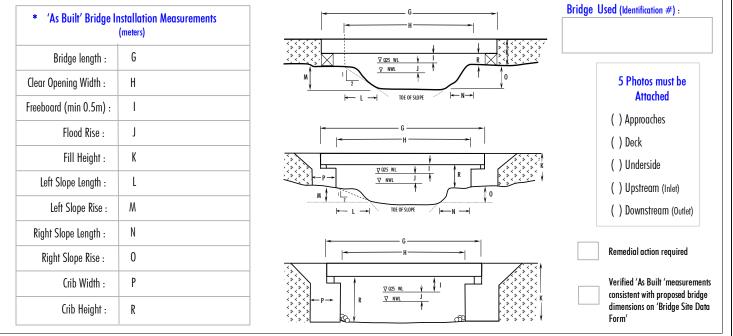
The crossing is a portable bridge spanning the high water mark and/or a winter crossing; no in-water work is proposed and is low risk following standards and guidelines. This ranking does not authorize any undertaking that results in serious harm to fish, but suggests a low risk of causing serious harm to fish in compliance with the Fisheries Act following best practices such as those described in the DFO measures to avoid causing harm to fish and fish habitat and the standard mitigation techniques outlined in the FMP.

	Structure 1	Structure 2	Structure 3
Risk Evaluation:	LOW	LOW	
Site Inspection Required:	NO	NO	

ABITIBI RIVER Forest Management Inc
Forest Management Inc

AR-MIC	rossing Installation	Report (Must be comple	eted for each crossing location)	Unly certifie	ed inspectors are allowed to conduct	Forest Operation
STIBI RIVER st Management Inc		(Mass se semp	orea for each or eaching receivery		* 'As Built' Culvert In	stallation Me meters)
Shareholder:		Block ID:			Installed Diameter :	
Contractor:		Poad Name:		CULVERT	Structure Length :	
Contractor.		Noau Name.			Road Width :	
SITE CONDITIONS ENCO	OUNTERED			0	Depth of Cover:	
Crossing Located By:		Date Measurements Taken:			Water Depth in Pipe :	
					Number of Culverts :	
Stream Measurements (meters)	٥.	1.0	Foundation Soil Description :		Spacing Between Pipes :	
Flood Plain Width : A		桑桑	Sand Muck			
Bankful Width : B		A	Silt Rubble Gravel		* 'As Built' Bridge In	stallation Me (meters)
Channel width : C	∫ _F ↑ _E	- B → V	City		Bridge length :	G
Depth - 25% of Channel : D (I)	D (!)) D(c) D(r)	Channel Type:		Clear Opening Width :	 H
Depth - 50% of Channel : D (c)			EphemeralIntermittent		Freeboard (min 0.5m) :	
Depth - 75% of Channel : D (r)	Notes:		Permanent	Ж	Flood Rise :	J
Depth - Bankful Flow : E			·····	BRIDGE	Fill Height :	K
Depth — Floodplain : F			ARFMI Notification Provided : (ARFMI Advised- 'Change to Operation' made)	8	Left Slope Length :	L
Stream Velocity:	m /sec		FRI Incorrect		Left Slope Rise :	M
1	1117,500		Unmapped		Right Slope Length :	N
					Right Slope Rise :	0
NSTALLATION CONDITI	ONS				Crib Width :	P
nstallation Supervised By:		Date of installation:			Crib Height :	R
				Verific	ation :	
Crossing Permanency : Refer to Structure Removal	Timeframe specified in AWS 4 and 5 Month/Year	E	rosion Prevention and Control (X):		I have confirmed that the final crossatisfies the mandatory water cross	
Permanent Temporary	Decommissioned Date:		(Indicate applicable measures taken)		will not impede future transfer of a	esponsibility
Note: Measurements (\star) must be included for all structures which remain in place beyond date of inspection	Scheduled Removal Date:		eam banks and drainage ditch banks	Notes	s:	
Crown Land Bridge NAD	83 (Record Actual Crossing Location on Stream Segment):		ourse, clean rock to high water mark			
Bridge Record Form submitted	E	Re-vegetate or seed slo	opes (stream banks and ditch banks)			
(i.e. MNR /ARFMI)	N		Divert drainage ditches to green belt			
New Crossing Type: Structure	e Description: Type of Fill:		Line drainage ditches with rock			
Box Culvert	Steel Sand	Use rock weirs in dr	rainage ditches to impede water flow			
Arch Culvert P	lastic Gravel	Use filt	ter cloth on upstream side of culverts			
	Vood Rock Rubble	No grubbi	ing or stripping of ground vegetation			
	ocrete Other	Use filter cloth (On top of i	ice if fill is used for Winter Crossings)	Note: All	of the above activities must be checl	ked. 🗸- Verii
Steel Stringer Bridge Ford (Engine Winter Snow Pack	erea) [Other:		activities inspected are fully compliant	
willer 200M LOCK					person are ronly compliant	u on ull

	ER CROSSING OPERATIONS CH and inspectors are allowed to conduct Forest Operations Inspections for subm	•	
	* 'As Built' Culvert Installation Measurements (meters)	Depth of Cover Culvert Clearance (1.e.) disc of 2000mm)	4 Photos must be Attached
₽	Installed Diameter :	(00)	() Approaches
CULVERT	Structure Length :	Describe Backfil Waterul Water	() Inlet
n.	Road Width :	Un-compacted Givest feeding (L. a. 200m Manum)	() Outlet
0	Depth of Cover:	Length of Q Length	() Inside Pipe
	Water Depth in Pipe :	Francisco Dominan Grain Protection 1	
	Number of Culverts :	Flow Supple 9 1%	
	Spacing Between Pipes :	Desorbe Engolar Protection (a. Sos Type)	Remedial action required
	* 'As Built' Bridge Installation Measurements (meters)	G H	Bridge Used (Identification #):



I have confirmed that the final crossing condition satisfies the mandatory water crossing standards and	Water crossing location same as AWS submission Installation of culvert and size same as described in AWS water shed calculations.
will not impede future transfer of responsibility	No sediments or woody debris left in water body or streams
	Construction materials removed from site
Notes:	Embankment sloped properly (e.g. 2:1) with no possibility of slumping
	Timing restriction met
	Culvert properly installed (i.e. refer to FMP Standards)
	Sediment Control Plan in AWS followed
	No Erosion or Sedimentation present (e.g. filter cloth used to prevent material from entering waterway)
	No signs of equipment or machinery in stream (i.e. culvert installed before equipment progresses past crossing)
	Coarse clean rock used on all culvert crossings
	Natural vegetation protected
	Additional measures used to prevent erosion (e.g. seed, filter cloth, rip rap etc.)
	Drainage ditches properly installed
	Crossing removed before March 31 unless left for silviculture activities
	Road right of way width through unallocated stands , no larger than FMP requirement
	Road right of way width through AOC's (reserves), no larger than FMP requirement
Note: All of the above activities must be checked.	ne within acceptable limits 🗶 - Outside of acceptable limits. Refer to comments for additional details N/A — Not applicable
11010. All of the above activities that be checked. Y - fertiled to be	Obside of decipionic minis. Role to comments to dudinolid doubles IVA — not applicable